CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION 1.

Product Code 41200

Trade Name MICROPOSIT S1805 PHOTO RESIST

Manufacturer/Supplier Shipley Company Address 455 Forest St.

Marlborough, Massachusetts 01752

(508) 481-7950 **Emergency Phone Number** (508) 481-7950 (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec # MSDS first issued 2 July 1996 MSDS data revised 11 June 1998 Prepared By: Amy C. Nichols

Local Sales Company Shipley Company, 455 Forest Street, Marlboro, MA 01752

(508-481-7950)

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON THE INGREDIENTS

Components in Product

Phone Number

Component Name	CAS# / Codes	Concentration
Diazo Photoactive Compound		1.00 - 10.00
Fluoroaliphatic Polymer Esters		0.01 - 1.00
Mixed cresol novolak resin		10.00 - 20.00
Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	81.00 - 86.00
cresol	1319-77-3	0.01 - 0.99

HAZARD IDENTIFICATION 3.

Main Hazards - Irritant - Combustible - Nervous System - Skin - Eve - Kidney - Liver

Routes of Entry Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact, absorption. Carcinogenic Status Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC and OSHA Target Organs - Nervous System - Skin - Eve - Liver - Kidney

Health Effects - Eves Liquid or vapor may cause pain, transient irritation and superficial corneal effects.

Health Effects - Skin Material may cause slight irritation on prolonged or repeated contact. Repeated and/or prolonged contact may lead to: - drowsiness -

liver damage - kidney damage

Health Effects - Ingestion A large dose may have the following effects:

- drowsiness - liver damage - kidney damage

Health Effects - Inhalation Exposure to vapor at high concentrations may have the following effects:

- irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract - liver damage - kidney damage

FIRST AID MEASURES 4.

> First Aid - Eyes Immediately flush the eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention if soreness or

redness persists.

First Aid - Skin Wash skin with water. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.

First Aid - Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Obtain medical attention.

First Aid - Inhalation Remove from exposure. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

Advice to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES 5.

> **Extinguishing Media** Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures This product may give rise to hazardous vapors in a fire. Vapors can travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and result in

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards Pressure may build up in closed containers with possible liberation of combustible vapors.

Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighting Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

> Spill Procedures Contain and absorb using earth, sand or other inert material. Transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Finally flush

area with plenty of water

Personal Precautions Wear appropriate protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

> Handling Use local exhaust ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Storage Store in original containers. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Storage area should be:

- cool - dry - well ventilated - out of direct sunlight

Other

Proprietary photoresist film contains approximately 2-4% of 2,3,4-trihydroxybenzophenone(THBP), which may sublime during soft-bake or hard-bake processing. THBP has low acute toxicity (LD50>5g/kg). Contact with eyes, skin or mucous membranes cause irritation.

To prevent accumulation of THBP on equipment surfaces and ventilation ducts, preventative maintenance program including regular cleaning should be implemented. Wipe surfaces using an appropriate cleaning solvent when possible. Provide adequate general or local exhaust ventilation during the cleaning process. In situations where this is not possible or where solvent or dust concentrations become excessive, use an air purifying respirator with an organic vapor/toxic particulate cartridge. When cleaning residual THBP, wear protective gloves and adequate protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Practice good personal hygiene to prevent accidental exposure. Clean all protective clothing and equipment thoroughly after each use.

8. **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Manufacturer recommends 30ppm 8h TWA and 90ppm 15 min STEL.

cresol ACGIH: TLV 5ppm (22mg/m3) 8h TWA. OSHA: PEL 5ppm (22mg/m3) 8h TWA. UK EH40: OES 5ppm (22mg/m3) 8h TWA. Can be

absorbed through skin.

Engineering Control Measures Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred. Methods include process or personnel enclosure, mechanical

ventilation (local exhaust), and control of process conditions.

Respiratory Protection Respiratory protection if there is a risk of exposure to high vapor concentrations. The specific respirator selected must be based on

the airborne concentration found in the workplace and must not exceed the working limits of the respirator.

 Hand Protection
 Butyl rubber gloves.

 Eye Protection
 Chemical goggles.

 Body Protection
 Normal work wear.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

 Physical State
 Viscous liquid

 Color
 Red

 Odor
 Sweet

 VOC (g/l)
 839.80

 Specific Gravity
 1.010

 PH
 Neutral

 Boiling Range/Point (°C/F)
 145.8/295

Explosion Limits (%) Lower limit 1.5 at 20 °C. Upper limit 7.0 at 20 C.

Solubility in Water Insoluble.

Vapor Density (Air = 1) Heavier than air.

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether

Vapor Pressure Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate: 3.7 mmHg at 20 °C.

40.5-46.1 / 105-115

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Flash Point (PMCC) (°C/F)

 Stability
 Stable under normal conditions.

 Conditions to Avoid
 - High temperatures - Static discharge

 Incompatibilities
 - Oxidizing agents

 Hazardous Polymerization
 Will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Combustion will generate:

- carbon monoxide - Carbon Dioxide - phenols - toxic fluorine compounds - aldehydes - oxides of nitrogen - acrid smoke and irritating

fumes

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Data Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate: Oral LD50 (rat) 8532mg/kg. Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 5000mg/kg.

Chronic/Subchronic Data No data.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity

Developmental effects were seen in laboratory animals only at dose levels that were maternally toxic.

Additional Data None known.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate: Koc is 0 - 50.

Persistence/Degradability The product is partially or slowly biodegradable. BOD20 greater than 40%

Bio-accumulation No data.

Ecotoxicity The product is rated as practically non-toxic to aquatic species. Tests on the following species gave a LC50 of 161mg/litre: - fathead

minnows

Tests on the following species gave a LC50 of 408mg/litre: - daphnia

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Disposal Incineration is the recommended method of disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Container Disposal Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues.

Dispose of containers with care.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Ground: Not Regulated per 49 CFR 173.150(f)(2)

UN Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
UN Class (3) Flammable Liquid

UN Number UN1993
UN Packaging Group III

N.O.S. 1: Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate

N.O.S. 2:

 Subsidiary Risks
 None.

 ADR/RID Substance Identification Number
 CLASS 3 - 31(c)

 CERCLA RQ
 Cresol (100#)

Marine Pollutant No.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Listed Ye

TSCA Exemptions

WHMIS Classification D.2.B B.3

MA Right To Know Law All components have been checked for inclusion on the Massachusetts Substance List (MSL). Those components present at the de

minimus concentration have been identified in the hazardous ingredients section of the MSDS.

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain materials which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive

arm.

SARA TITLE III-Section 311/312 Categorization (40 CFR 370) Immediate, delayed, flammability hazard

SARA TITLE III-Section 313 (40 CFR 372)

This product does not contain a chemical which is listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations.

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

> NFPA Rating- FIRE NFPA Rating- HEALTH NFPA Rating- REACTIVITY NFPA Rating- SPECIAL None.

Revisions Highlighted Flash Point (PMCC) (°C/F)

Abbreviations CAS#: Chemical Abstract Services Number

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TLV: Threshold Limit Value PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

NTP: National Toxicology Program

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

R: Risk S: Safety

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% BOD: Biological Oxygen Demand

Koc: Soil Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient.

TLm: Median Tolerance Limit

Disclaimer

The data contained herein is based on information that Shipley Company believes to be reliable, but no expressed or implied warranty is made with regard to the accuracy of such data or its suitability for a given situation. Such data relates only to the specific product described and not to such products in combination with any other product and no agent of Shipley Company is authorized to vary any of such data. Shipley Company and its agents disclaim all liability for any action taken or foregone on reliance upon such data.